

General Surgery - Consent

Consent is an important legal document. Consenting is done by SHOs/ Registrars/ Consultants

Different types of Consent forms

- Consent 1 for Adults who are Compos Mentis
- Consent 2 for Children below 16 years. Children over 12 years can sign their consent, but one of the parents has to sign the form as well.
- Consent 4 for patients who lack Mental Capacity. This form should always be done with a Mental Capacity assessment form (found on **The Hub**, the intranet)
- Please be aware that you should only be consenting patients for procedures and operations that you are familiar with.
- If you are asked to consent a patient for a procedure/operation that you do not feel confident/ comfortable with, please ask your registrar/consultant for help.
- Please find below some of the procedures/operations that you will likely come across
 with regards to consenting and some important points to note; please note these lists
 are not be exhaustive.

Base line details for all Consent forms:

- Name of patient
- DOB
- Hospital number (Note: if you use patient labels, ensure to stick a label on all pages)
- Name of Consultant responsible
- Name of operation: state site AND +/- proceed (This gives the surgeons freedom to act
 appropriately intraoperatively to do any additional procedures that may benefit the patient
 & this should be clearly explained to them)
- Risks/Complications
 - General Surgical risks: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures (specific structures according to procedure), Adhesions, Incisional Hernia, Organ failure, Death, Conversion to open surgery, Need for more than one procedure
 - Specific risks according to procedure e.g., CBD injury, bile leak in Cholecystectomy
 - Anaesthetic risks: General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, COVID-19 risk, ITU admission
- Additional procedures Catheterization, drains, blood transfusion

Complications associated with specific procedures

Abscesses

- Name of procedure:
- Incision and drainage of (specify site e.g.) left side groin abscess + proceed
- For perianal abscess EUA rectum + Drainage of perianal abscess + Proceed

• List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures (e.g., sphincter), Recurrence, General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, COVID-19 risk

Cholecystectomy

- Name of procedure: Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy +/- open +/- proceed
- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures including Damage to bowel, Conversion to open surgery, Adhesions, Hernia, Organ failure, Death, Bile duct injury, Bile duct stricture, bile leak, retained stone, Diarrhea/gastritis (post cholecystectomy syndrome), General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, chest infection, COVID-19 risk
- Additional procedures: catheterization, drains, on-table cholangiogram

Appendicectomy

- Name of procedure: Laparoscopic Appendicectomy +/- open +/- proceed
- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures including Damage to bowel, bladder, Conversion to open surgery, Adhesions, Hernias, Organ failure, Death, General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, COVID-19 risk
- Additional procedures: catheterization, drains, vaginal instrumentation (in young women), Gynaecological procedures

Groin Hernia repair

- Name of procedure: Open repair of left inguinal hernia +/- mesh +/- proceed
- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures including Damage to bowel, bladder, cord structures, Recurrence, Chronic groin pain, testicular atrophy, General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, COVID-19 risk
- In Emergency repairs include +/- bowel resection +/- Laparotomy and add Anastomotic leak in complications
- Additional procedures: catheterization

Laparoscopy/Laparotomy - depends on indication

- Name of procedure: Laparoscopy +/- laparotomy +/- bowel resection OR e.g., right hemicolectomy +/- proceed
- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, scarring, damage to surrounding structures including Damage to bowel, bladder, liver, ureter, spleen, Conversion to open surgery, Adhesions, Hernias, Organ failure, Death, anastomotic leak, bowel perforation, reintervention, General anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, chest infection, COVID-19 risk
- Additional procedures: catheterization, drains, stoma

Colonoscopy/Flexible sigmoidoscopy

- Name of procedure: Colonoscopy OR flexible sigmoidoscopy +/- proceed
- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, Bowel perforation, Sedation/anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, Covid-19 risk
- Additional procedures: Biopsies, blood transfusion

OGD

Name of procedure: Oesophagogastroduodenoscopy (OGD) +/- proceed

- List of risks would be: Infection, bleeding, pain, Bowel perforation, Dental Damage, Sedation/anesthetic risks, DVT/PE, Covid-19 risk
- Additional procedures: Biopsies, blood transfusion

explanation if medic	al term not clear)	e of treatment (include brief
Statement of hea	alth professional (to be fi	lled in by health professional with as specified in consent policy)
I have explained the EITHER A). I have ex		nis or ther parent(s). In particular:
Significant, unavoida	able or frequently occurring r	isks
Any extra procedure	ned the benefits and risks as as which may become neces	described in the leaflet outlined below a sary during the procedure
 other procedure 	(please specify)	
I have also discusse	d what the procedure is likel treatments (including no trea	y to involve, the benefits and risks of any stment) and any particular concerns of
☐ The following lea	flet/tape has been provided	
This procedure will i		cal anaesthesia 🗆 sedation
Name (PRINT) (Please ensure that	you use a black biro when si	titlegning this form)
EITHER A) I have int parents to the best of	of my ability and in a way in v	oriate) we to the child and/or to his or her which I believe they can understand interpreted by Languageline.
Signed:	Date	Name (PRINT)
	copy accepted by pati	
Surname	Hosp. No	
	NHS No	
	D.O.BM/F	
Address		

